UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA LAS VEGAS DIVISION

ORACLE USA, INC., ET AL.,) CASE NO: 2:10-CV-106-LRH-PAL
Plaintiffs,) CIVIL
vs.) Las Vegas, Nevada
RIMINI STREET, INC., ET AL.,) Tuesday, January 10, 2012
Defendants.) (10:30 a.m. to 10:49 a.m.)

DISCOVERY HEARING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE PEGGY A. LEEN, UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Appearances: See Next Page

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- 1 | designee wasn't prepared to addressed a couple of topics?
- 2 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: That is correct, your Honor.
- 3 Oracle has reserved rights and if we decide to proceed with a
- 4 | motion, we would file that in the Northern District of
- 5 | California where they're located.
- 6 THE COURT: But how close are you to determining --
- 7 | what I'm trying to do is tie up loose ends so that we
- 8 absolutely have an end to fact discovery --
 - MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Right.
- 10 **THE COURT:** -- and that nothing that occurs is going
- 11 to have a significant impact on the expert disclosures.
- 12 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: We expect to either fish or cut
- 13 bait very soon.
- 14 THE COURT: And given those representations, counsel
- 15 for Rimini, obviously this was a very voluminous status report
- 16 | with attached exhibits and they've now agreed to supplement and
- 17 | they've clarified their position about a few things.
- 18 Where are you in terms of anything that needs to be
- 19 | immediately addressed in your motion to compel given the
- 20 agreements to supplement that they have made?
- 21 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Your Honor, you're absolutely
- 22 | right. We made a lot of progress last week on the issues that
- 23 | are presenting. There is one issue or two related issues that
- 24 | I think are ripe for -- to be heard today and I'd like the
- 25 opportunity to address those issues.

THE COURT: That's fine and that's why I -- I know this is a work in progress. You have been making progress. You have clarified your positions and so forth. So tell me what you'd like me to address here and -- wherever you're more comfortable. The podium is probably a little easier.

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: In the two issues, and they're related, are related to the contention interrogatories or the contention discoveries for the copyright claim and the contract claim. In those, in particular, are the Interrogatories Number 17, 18, and 32, and then there's related topics from our second notice. And really what we're asking for here is what we consider to be basic discovery as to the specific acts of infringement that are alleged by Oracle against Rimini Street.

Right now, if you'd look at Interrogatory Number 17, Oracle's response to it, and for the record, it's at Document 217, Exhibit H-20, and all that's listed there are the statutory types of copying, a list of the hundred registrations, and then some -- a laundry list of ways that things could be copies; it's not specific.

Now they have agreed to provide some examples of specific conduct as exemplary. From Rimini's position, that's not enough. All we're asking for is a level of detail that they'd have to prove at trial to make a prima facie case.

THE COURT: We've been talking about that since basically day one in the discovery process.

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: When I tried to encourage you folks to perhaps agree to a representative universe of claims for which you could have that kind of detail and that was not within the realm of possibility for one or both sides.

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Let me say this. It's less about the sampling and proving up certain instances. It's more about defining the population. What are the alleged acts?

We -- you know, sampling is something that, you know, is established and even without agreement, I suspect there will be some sampling in this case. But really, it's what is the universe? What are the acts of infringement? What are the tortious acts of infringement? What are the tortious acts that Rimini is alleged to have --

THE COURT: But your interrogatory asks for each and every specific act, not the category of acts that the other side alleges that constitute a breach or an infringement on their intellectual property.

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Yes, and that's what I'm asking for and I think they've offered some categories and hopefully categories beyond, you know, the boilerplate and the laundry list that we have in the current response.

What we are asking for, you know, what are all the acts of copying? What are -- how many instances of infringement are there so we can, you know, defend against

1 | those acts?

It's the same burden of proof you'd have at trial.

To prove up an act there has to be at least identification of it, the act of infringement. For each copy that they say is infringing, tell us -- you contend that's an infringing copy and the registration at the very least.

So that is what we're asking for, the listing of all of their allegations. We're not aware of any authority that would allow them to go to trial just on examples.

THE COURT: There's tens of thousands of alleged infringements here. Do you really expect that your trial judge is going to let you go to trial for 10,000 days to prove up 10,000 or so alleged acts of infringement?

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: I suspect not but where we are now is we don't know of any. There aren't any specific acts that are contemplated. Maybe there is a middle ground. Maybe they won't decide --

THE COURT: That hasn't come out in the customer depositions for example?

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: I don't believe so, your Honor.

Maybe they won't have the time or the judge will not, you know, allow them enough time to prove up each act individually. But we don't know which acts they're going to choose.

THE COURT: Well, from day one you've been telling

- me, "Don't let the discovery be so voluminous and so onerous on
 one or both sides that you will effectively lose by being
 crushed in the process."
- 4 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Yes, your Honor, that's certainly something that I've said many times up here.

But I think here all we're asking for is the most basic discovery that you can have in a copyright case, the acts of copying, and after two years we don't have those acts of conduct, and that's my position on that and a similar position on the contract claims as well.

We have a list of what Oracle's witnesses described as the relevant provisions from thousands of the contracts.

Though it's clear that these aren't the provisions that are actually alleged to have been breached, there's no identification of specific acts.

For example, some of these provisions that are listed in the discovery relate to copying of -- for clients that Rimini has never had any copies of their software. So why are -- you know, they may be relevant -- the type of provision might be relevant but there's no conduct by Rimini Street that would correlate.

So again, we're seeking the basic allegations of what claims were breached by what conduct. It is -- if this were a simple breach of contract case, certainly we'd be entitled to -- for each contract identification --

"When you didn't pay us on August 5th, 1 THE COURT: 2 you breached paragraph blank of the contract." That -- yes. 3 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Well, maybe not the date but, 4 you know, we have certain -- we have a certain number of copies 5 of the (indiscernible) system, we'll disclose them, and yes, 6 there are a large number. 7 Are each of those copies infringing? For example, we have backup copies. We have disaster recovery copies that we 8 9 keep off sight. Does Oracle allege that all of our disaster 10 recovery copies are also acts of infringement, also breach? 11 **THE COURT:** Have you had those -- that level of 12 detailed discussions in the meet and confer process about what 13 it is that you're really trying to determine? Because they say 14 you're on fair notice. You know, we're not required to outline 15 our trial testimony through each witness or tell you exactly 16 how we're going to put this on. The issue is whether you have 17 enough information in the discovery to put you on a level 18 playing field to know what their claims are so that you can 19 defend. 20 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: And we have not. Using my 21 backup example, we don't know whether --22 THE COURT: All right. And that's why I ask you. 23 Have you had that level of detailed discussions in 24 the meet and confer process about what it is more specifically

other than "I want to know every date, every time, every

- 12 1 customer, every contract, every registration information?" 2 Have you had that level as opposed to "Just give me the entire universe, " and which they say "You do have the entire universe? 3 It's there somewhere, just go dig it out"? 4 5 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: No, we haven't had those discussions and, you know, I would say --6 7 THE COURT: I didn't think so because it doesn't come 8 across in the joint status report that you've had that level of 9 discussions. 10 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Yes, your Honor. Thank you, your Honor. 11 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Your Honor, I'll be brief. 12 13 I think it's clear to understand our point of view. 14 Let me give you an example to demonstrate. 15 So one of our -- one of the theories in this case is 16 that Rimini has made infringement copies by taking software and 17 installing it on Rimini Street systems when we contend that's 18 not authorized by the Ruble (phonetic) licenses. 19 THE COURT: So is your answer that every time they 20 copied it and put it on their system it's an infringement? 21 MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: That's right and their --22 **THE COURT:** So why can't you just answer an 23 interrogatory that tells them that?
 - MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: That is exactly what we've agreed to do. I mean, the existing interrogatories do that at

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    a certain level of detail. I should say a certain level of
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    generality. And what we've agreed to do is to say, "Look,
    here's an example of the types of conduct. You did this many
 3
    times. We're not going to detail every time you did it." But
 4
 5
    that's enough to tell them what are trial story is going to be.
              THE COURT: But is -- but it is your contention that
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 7
    if you -- for example, the issue that he just raised.
              Is it your contention that if we recovered a backup
    copy from -- that is a separate act of infringement?
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              MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: It is. It is a separate act of
11
    infringement it is our contention.
              THE COURT: Then they're entitled to know that that's
12
13
    -- they're entitled to know that's your position and you have
14
    not responded to interrogatories with that level of specificity
15
    to let them know that that's where you're going.
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              MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: Well, I would take issue in two
17
    regards.
18
              First, our current interrogatory I think does put
19
    them on notice that that's our view. We don't need to tell
20
    them every time they made a copy of our software because it's
21
    their conduct and they know every instance. I think what we're
22
    obligated to do is to make sure that they're fairly on notice
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    of what our general trial, you know, story will be and I think
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    we've done that.
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But we have agreed to go further after they raised

allow you to know exactly what we're going to say."

the issue and say, "Look, we'll tell you specific categories of conduct tied to your business processes and we'll tell you that

-- a specific example of that tied to evidence and that will

So to follow up on the example I started with, the installation of a local environment is a copy. Every time it's backed up, that's a copy. Every time it's run on a computer that generates copies inside of the RAM of the computer. Every time a file was removed and distributed to a customer, that's another copy that's distributed.

THE COURT: So have you actually done the analysis of how many times that happened?

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: I will say, your Honor, to the extent there's a number it will be contained in our expert report which they're going to get a week from today.

To the extent that we can say, we know it's an extremely large number. That's derived from evidence from their files which they know about and will be captured within the categories and examples that we propose to provide to them in response to their concerns.

And I think if you look at what the legitimate purpose of the contention interrogatory is, it's to make sure that they can prepare for trial and that level of response will do that. To make it an encyclopedia, to say, "Here are each of the thousands of acts," is an extraordinary burden that doesn't

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    really serve any legitimate purpose. It just runs up the costs
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    of litigation which they've said again and again is
 3
    unnecessary. And I'm not sure frankly what they would do with
    it. Even if we were to put the thousands of hours in and say,
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 5
    you know, "Here's the 1.7 million copies you made of this
    particular file, " it's not going to change what they do at
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 7
    trial. Their defense is going to be the same whether it's --
                         It's going to influence the potential
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              THE COURT:
 9
    damages.
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              MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE: That's a fair point, your Honor.
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              I would say, I don't think Mr. Reckers would dispute
12
    that the number of copies made of Oracle software is extremely
13
    high. That's not really the issue and I think we -- that's
14
    undisputed. There's a lot of copying and their defense is --
15
              THE COURT: And so is your damages expert going to
16
    have a model for how damages are calculated based on concrete
17
    examples from the discovery and the evidence?
18
              MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE:
                                   Yes.
19
              THE COURT: And you're telling me that you think that
20
    they're not going to be surprised by what your damages expert
21
    says because it's all out there and you've laid it out with
22
    sufficient specificity that they can figure out where you're
23
    going on your -- both your claims and your damages
24
    calculations?
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I think that's entirely true,

MR. UNIDENTIFIABLE:

1 your Honor. If you don't have any further questions, I don't
2 have anything more for you. Thank you.

on this until I see what the extent of the supplementation is and whether it fairly addresses your concerns. I'm not going to have them list 10,000 examples of every time a copy -- and provide you with a -- you know, that's busy work and it's a waste of everybody's time and resources. But you are entitled to fair notice of what their claims are and then what they based their claims on but I'm not going to compel an each and every example type of response to an interrogatory and I don't think your trial judge is going to let you try it that way. I wouldn't. I mean, it can't be tried that way. Just be realistic, folks.

You know, there's a limit to what people can ingest and so what I will do is, since you've indicated the responses should be supplemented in four weeks, set this for a hearing in four weeks. By then, you should have the initial disclosure of the expert reports which will also inform you about whether you're surprised or you're not surprised based on what counsel's representing — the tact they're going to take and how they're going to prove this case up. And then I will rule on any outstanding disputes concerning the adequacy of the supplementation if there are any further requests for — to compel supplementation of the contention interrogatories either

- 1 by interrogatory or by 30(b)(6) deposition testimony.
- I do appreciate Plaintiffs' observation that on many
- 3 of the topics for which you are seeking supplementation that
- 4 | rely upon Rimini's documents that have been designated as
- 5 | "confidential, attorneys' eyes only" there's a limit to what
- 6 you can do without being in conflict to that -- with that
- 7 position. So this is not your run of the mill rear-end
- 8 automobile accident where the disputes are relatively simple to
- 9 resolve.
- So we'll take it a step at a time. We'll see what
- 11 | you get in supplementation. I'll review them very carefully
- 12 and listen to you concerning whether or not you think they are
- 13 | or are not adequate to meet the Plaintiffs' discovery
- 14 obligations. Okay.
- 15 Mr. Miller, what do we have in a little bit better
- 16 | than four weeks out?
- 17 **THE CLERK:** Yes, your Honor, currently I'm looking at
- 18 Tuesday, February the 14th, 2012, at 10:00 o'clock a.m.
- 19 **THE COURT:** Gentlemen, do you want to be traveling
- 20 away from your significant others on Valentine's Day?
- 21 I don't want to cause any domestic problems. Let's
- 22 | see if we can pick another date.
- 23 **THE CLERK:** Your Honor, we do have all day available
- 24 on Monday, the 13th. Will that work for everybody?
- 25 **THE COURT:** Is that in the ballpark, gentlemen, or do

CERTIF	ICATION
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I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

January 23, 2012

Signed Dated

TONI HUDSON, TRANSCRIBER